

churches must do their part in helping to form it."

Repress Spirit of Hatred.

He declared that the precepts of Christianity coincide with those of political wisdom, and that the churches should work for national unity and good feeling between the classes.

"Let us avoid, let us repress the spirit of hatred," he said. "We are justly indignant at the war the enemy powers have waged. We must not let that spirit be the cause of such methods never be resorted to again, and that those guilty of such crimes will be punished. But it is wise to talk of banning a whole people for all time to come? The German people are under a harsh and tyrannical rule, which has not only deceived and misled them, but silences any protest, and there are those who wish to protect against its crimes. Some day, we hope, they will overthrow it, when they have learned their truth."

"To indulge in revenge will be to sow the seeds of future wars. Nations cannot hate one another forever, and the sooner they cease to do so the better for all of them. We must take all proper steps to defend ourselves, but it is no danger that might arise if after the war the enemy countries were to resume an invidious hostility. That is at present no more than a possibility which may never arise."

Peril in Trade War.

"But the talk we now hear about starting, after peace has been concluded, a new war of trade to follow the war of arms has immense capacities for mischief. Such a trade war would prolong, would embitter, would hate those that ought to be allowed to die, and it assumes a continuance of those things from which we expect our victory to deliver us once for all."

"Our main purpose will have failed if we do not secure a durable peace. To prolong hatreds would increase suspicion, would lead in time to a recurrence of those very calamities from which we are suffering. If severe terms have to be imposed, let that be done only so far as is necessary for securing future peace, not in a vindictive spirit, which, in perpetuating hatreds, would end by relighting the flames of war."

Lord Bryce advocated that the principles of nationality be respected as far as possible, especially in the cases of Poland, the southern Slavs, Transylvania and Armenia.

SCHOOL REGISTRATION SHOWS TOTAL OF 48,465

Over a Thousand More Than Were Enrolled First Day Last Year.

Gains and Losses.

Although the public schools of the District did not reach the 50,000 mark yesterday, the opening day, they did reach a total of more than 1,000 in excess of the first-day enrollment last year—a total of 48,465, as against 47,361. Additional students are expected to be enrolled every day this week.

So far, no serious congestion has been experienced. Of course, this does not mean that no crowding will follow later, but at present the prospects are said to be good against any serious difficulties.

A decrease in the enrollment is noted at the Business High School, Western High School, McKinley Manual Training School and the Armstrong Manual Training School.

Figures for the Various Schools.

Here are the figures for the various schools, as compared with the figures on the opening day of last year. The second figures in each instance are for the opening day of 1915:

Normal, 123-148; Miner, Normal, 156-137; Eastern, 45-18; Western, 46-44; Commercial, 1,044-1,164; McKinley, 1,063-1,160; Central, 1,781-1,122; Armstrong, 532-589; Dunbar, 1,025-877.

Organization work in the schools is progressing favorably. It probably will take the remainder of the week, however, to get everything in order. All the work on certain new buildings is being completed.

Fire prevention day probably will be observed Monday.

Superintendent E. L. Thurston said today that the schools issued no instructions for the observance, but probably will do so.

LARGEST CLASS IN YEARS.

National University Law School Opens Forty-Eighth Session.

With the largest freshman class of several years, the National University Law School opened its forty-eighth session at the school building, 13th street between New York avenue and I street, last night.

Short addresses were made by Dean Charles F. Carus, Justice Siddons, Corporation Counsel Syme, Prof. Charles A. Keegan and Prof. E. Hilton Jackson. The standard of the school has been raised, it is announced. The five credits are now required for the bachelor's degree. The entrance requirements remain unchanged.

Infantile Paralysis Abating.

NEW YORK, October 3.—The infantile paralysis report of the board of health for today, usually a high day, showed but twelve new cases, against twenty yesterday, and eight deaths, the same as yesterday.

Cane Sugar Again Advances.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 3.—Prices of cane sugar registered another advance here today, the new quotations being \$7.10 per 100 pounds wholesale and \$7.50 retail. The increase today marked an advance of 16 cents above the price the consumer has paid for the last ten days, and a total increase of 65 cents since September 14.

September Circulation

District of Columbia, as follows:

THE EVENING STAR, business manager of this paper, has the honor to announce that the actual number of copies of the paper named sold and distributed during the month of September, A. D. 1916, was as follows:

DAYS.	Copies.	Copies.
1	75,907	72,293
2	75,940	72,000
3	75,940	72,000
4	75,940	72,000
5	75,940	72,000
6	75,940	72,000
7	75,940	72,000
8	75,940	72,000
9	75,940	72,000
10	75,940	72,000
11	75,940	72,000
12	75,940	72,000
13	75,940	72,000
14	75,940	72,000
15	75,940	72,000
16	75,940	72,000
17	75,940	72,000
18	75,940	72,000
19	75,940	72,000
20	75,940	72,000
21	75,940	72,000
22	75,940	72,000
23	75,940	72,000
24	75,940	72,000
25	75,940	72,000
26	75,940	72,000
27	75,940	72,000
28	75,940	72,000
29	75,940	72,000
30	75,940	72,000
31	75,940	72,000
Total	2,326,071	2,226,071

SUNDAY.

DAYS.	Copies.	Copies.
1	54,773	52,647
2	54,773	52,647
3	54,773	52,647
4	54,773	52,647
5	54,773	52,647
6	54,773	52,647
7	54,773	52,647
8	54,773	52,647
9	54,773	52,647
10	54,773	52,647
11	54,773	52,647
12	54,773	52,647
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23	54,773	52,647
24	54,773	52,647
25	54,773	52,647
26	54,773	52,647
27	54,773	52,647
28	54,773	52,647
29	54,773	52,647
30	54,773	52,647
31	54,773	52,647
Total	1,695,428	1,695,428

Arrangements Made for the Men En Route.

Lieut. Tasset, of the 3d Infantry, who will go on the first section; Lieut. Gibbs and White and twenty-three enlisted men will go on the second section, and Maj. Charles R. Luce, commanding the sanitary troops, 3d Infantry, and two enlisted men will go on the third section.

On account of the illness of Sergt. Maj. Chauncey Winstead, 3d Battalion, who was operated on last week for appendicitis, and is confined in the Emergency Hospital, a reassignment of sergeants major was made necessary today. Regimental Sergt. Maj. Hood will go with the 3d Battalion, Sergt. Maj. Sullivan will go with the 2d Battalion, and Sergt. Maj. Sullivan with the 1st Battalion.

Y. M. C. A. Building Awaits.

Chaplain A. L. Smith, 3d Infantry, today received a telegram from the Y. M. C. A. secretary at San Antonio that the 3d Infantry would occupy the camp vacated by the Illinois troops, and that a regular Y. M. C. A. building was being there for the use of the District troops. This is a frame building, 100 by 60 feet, fully equipped for Y. M. C. A. work. At Camp Ordway the men have had a large tent.

Brig. Gen. William E. Harvey, commanding Camp Ordway, and Maj. J. C. Whitaker, who are members of a court-martial at Richmond, to try an officer of the Maryland guard, are scheduled to leave tomorrow night.

Lieut. Klotz Leaves National Guard.

Resignation of First Lieut. Harry W. Klotz of H. Company, 3d Infantry, District of Columbia National Guard, has been accepted by the President, to take effect at once.

MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD DEPARTING FOR THE BORDER TAKE WITH THEM FOND MEMORIES OF DEAR ONES LEFT BEHIND.



D. C. TROOPS ARE ON WAY TO BORDER

(Continued from First Page.)

promptly. There was then a grand rush for windows where the men could chat with friends while waiting for the train to pull out.

"The coaches and freight cars were on four tracks. Every time the shift-whistle was blown, the men would come out, starting for the border, the men had said good-bye to their friends four or five times.

Dainties for Soldiers.

Boxes of lunch, candies and other dainties were thrust in the car windows to the militiamen by their relatives and friends. All the men seemed in happy mood.

In the crowd outside the cars, however, there were tear-stained faces among the women and children. Many stood in the yards until the train passed out of sight, waving to the men aboard.

When the hiss of the air releasing the brakes was heard, the men sent up a mighty cheer, answered by the crowd which came to see them off. The train moved on, and the cheering and waving ceased.

The militiamen will be able to purchase anything they want at the stops en route. They left with money in their pockets, the paymaster having turned into a cash box for the train.

Brig. Gen. William E. Harvey, commanding the sanitary troops, 3d Infantry, will go with the 3d Battalion, and two enlisted men will go on the third section.

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DISTRICT GUARDSMEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

Four Members of Company D, 3d Infantry, in Auto Which Plunges Over Embankment.

Four members of Company D, 3d Infantry, N. G. D. C., had a miraculous escape from serious injury or death yesterday afternoon, when an automobile in which they were riding went into a gulch about fifteen feet deep alongside of the road to Alexandria, which runs in back of Arlington Heights, and crossed the tracks of the electric railroad tracks south of Rosslyn.

The men in the car were Sergt. Joseph A. Furbershaw, who was running the machine; Private James McConney, Private Edward Freese, and Private Eastman, all of Company D. Furbershaw's back was badly wrenched; the other men suffered only a few bruises.

Those who saw the machine lying upside down in the ditch after the accident expressed wonder that the four men had not been killed.

Furbershaw's Statement.

Furbershaw said that he had slowed down for the railroad tracks and was going about fifteen miles an hour when suddenly he felt the car moving downward. Before any of the men could jump the car was upside down, with the top mashed in, the back of the front seat broken and the wind shield smashed.

Furbershaw made arrangements for hauling the machine out of the gulch, while the other men went on to camp, which is at this point in very narrow and steeply rising hills.

Examination of the scene of the wreck showed that the car was on the very edge of the road and was covered with thick underbrush. The car was at this point in very narrow and steeply rising hills.

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TO JOIN IN WAR GAME.

District Signal Corps Company Going to Nogales, Ariz.

BY J. CROSBY MCCARTHEY, Staff Correspondent.

PHOENIX, Ariz., October 3.—In conjunction with the Second Idaho Infantry, the District Signal Corps Company will get a taste of the war game in the desert.

The Signal Corps Company was directed to report at old Fort Crippenden, twenty miles east of Nogales, where it would meet the other defensive forces. The Signal Corps Company will be temporarily detached in order to go on the offensive.

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DEMOCRATS KEEP UP WAR MENACE TALK

Roosevelt's Speech Supposed to Have Had Bad Effect on Germans.

GARRETSON IN FRONT FOR WILSON ELECTION

Brotherhood Chief Urges Railway Men to Vote for Him—Defense of Frank H. Hitchcock.

BY N. O. MESSENGER.

CHICAGO, October 3.—Now the next thing to watch, in the coming few days, will be the effect upon voters of the new turn which President Wilson has sought to give the campaign by charging that the republicans, if elected, will plunge the country into war.

The democratic managers and orators in this section have taken up the charge and are fighting the changes on it eagerly. Mr. Fairbanks, republican candidate for Vice President, announced the President's charge as "base."

Roosevelt and German Vote. Another angle to follow closely is the effect upon the German vote of Col. Roosevelt's Michigan speech. The democrats claim that it will alienate from the republicans many Germans who fear Roosevelt.

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REICHSTAG'S SITTINGS AGAIN ARE POSTPONED

Amsterdam Attributes Delay to Dissatisfaction With Chancellor's Policy.

AMSTERDAM, October 3, via London, 2:15 p.m.—The Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin says the resumption of the sittings of the reichstag, adjourned after the delivery of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech until October 6, has been postponed until October 11. This decision was reached yesterday at a meeting of the main committee, which was attended by the chancellor and his staff.

The postponement is said to be due to the fact that the work of the committee is not proceeding as rapidly as had been expected.

Dissatisfaction Reported. LONDON, October 3, 2:25 p.m.—Telegraphing from Amsterdam, the correspondent of the Central News says: "It is generally believed that the postponement of the meeting of the reichstag is due to dissatisfaction with the speech of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg. In the meantime strenuous efforts will be made to reconcile the people to the imperial chancellor's policy."

Mass Meetings Arranged. "Meetings have been hurriedly arranged to be held in a number of towns where members of the reichstag will make addresses."

"A public mass meeting at Frankfurt adopted a resolution in favor of an early peace."

"The Vossische Zeitung says that Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg had a long conversation on October 1 with Prince von Buelow, the former chancellor."

COMMEND PRIVATES FOR BRAVERY AND EFFICIENCY

W. W. Steele and John C. Statts of the Park Police Praised by Col. Harts for Courageous Action.

Col. Harts, the engineer officer in charge of public buildings and grounds, has officially commended Privates W. W. Steele and John C. Statts of the park police for bravery and efficiency in the performance of duty.

In a letter to Private Steele he refers to his "prompt and courageous action" in going to the assistance of the young girl who was fired at on the night of September 20 in the grounds near the Smithsonian Institution.

"I feel," says Col. Harts, "that your prompt action at the risk of your own life probably saved the life of the young lady, and but for the outside of the assailant he would have been captured and brought to trial. It is worthy conduct of this sort in the discharge of duty that brings credit to the members of the park police force and upon the organization as a whole."

Proud of Park Police. Private Statts was informed that he had been commended by the "captain of the municipal police, Washington, D. C., for fearlessly going to the assistance of a woman who was being attacked by a man in a house near Washington Circle."

In transmitting the letter Col. Harts said he took "much pride in the members of the park police force, who so promptly and courageously perform duties of this character."

Answers Roosevelt's Attitude. Following a conference with President Wilson today Senator Hughes of New Jersey, who as temporary president of the Senate signed the railway eight-hour law, gave out a statement in reply to Theodore Roosevelt's attitude toward the eight-hour day, charging that at one time he was not greatly interested in it, and declaring that the controversy would disappear as an issue in the present campaign.

MISSISSIPPI ONCE TROPICAL.

Camels Ran Wild in State, Experts of Geological Survey Say.

Camels ran wild in Mississippi ages ago, which was then tropical in climate, according to the geological survey, who have been engaged in an investigation of sandstone in that state. They have been able to identify and follow the sandstone by means of the remains of plants. Among the plants found were pines, ferns, leaves of date palms, tropical myrtles, figs and a tree closely related to the present-day fig tree, the climate of this region was tropical, and bones of camels found by other geologists and the similarity of the same composing the sandstone is certain tropical desert sands have a similar implication.

These fossil plants, it is said, show that at the time the sandstone was formed, perhaps five million years ago, the climate of this region was tropical, and bones of camels found by other geologists and the similarity of the same composing the sandstone is certain tropical desert sands have a similar implication.

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AID FOR STRICKEN PEOPLES SOUGHT

Residents of Washington Are Urged to Contribute to Armenian and Syrian Relief.

OCTOBER 21 AND 22 SPECIAL DAYS TO GIVE